

# Problem Set 1

1. Determine the final digit of

$$\sigma_n = \sum_{k=1}^n k$$

for each positive integer  $n$ . Produce a proof.

2. Determine the limits

$$\liminf_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \cos(x)/x)^x$$

$$\limsup_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \cos(x)/x)^x$$

Produce a proof.

3. Given a monic polynomial

$$x^n + a_{n-1}x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_1x + a_0,$$

express the sum of the squares of the roots in terms of the coefficients.

Produce a proof.

4. Find the absolute value of each of the roots of  $11z^{10} + 10iz^9 + 10iz - 11$ .

No proof needed.

5. Identify the products

$$\prod_{r=1}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} \left( -1 - 2 \cos \frac{2\pi r}{n} \right)$$

and

$$\prod_{r=1}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} \left( 3 + 2 \cos \frac{2\pi r}{n} \right)$$

for each positive integer  $n$ . No proof needed.

6. A standard calculus problem considers a long vertical strip of paper of width  $w$ . The paper is folded so that the upper left corner touches the right edge; see Figure 1. The goal is to determine the specific fold so that the left diagonal line is minimized.

(a) Show that

$$y^2 = \frac{2x^3}{2x - w}.$$

(b) Use calculus within Maple to find a candidate for the optimal choice of  $x$ . Prove that this choice is indeed optimal.

(c) Use algebra within Maple (no calculus) to prove that your candidate from the last part is optimal for the problem. Hint: If  $x^*$  is the optimal value and  $f(x) = 2x^3/(2x - w)$ , consider the expression  $f(x) - f(x^*)$ .

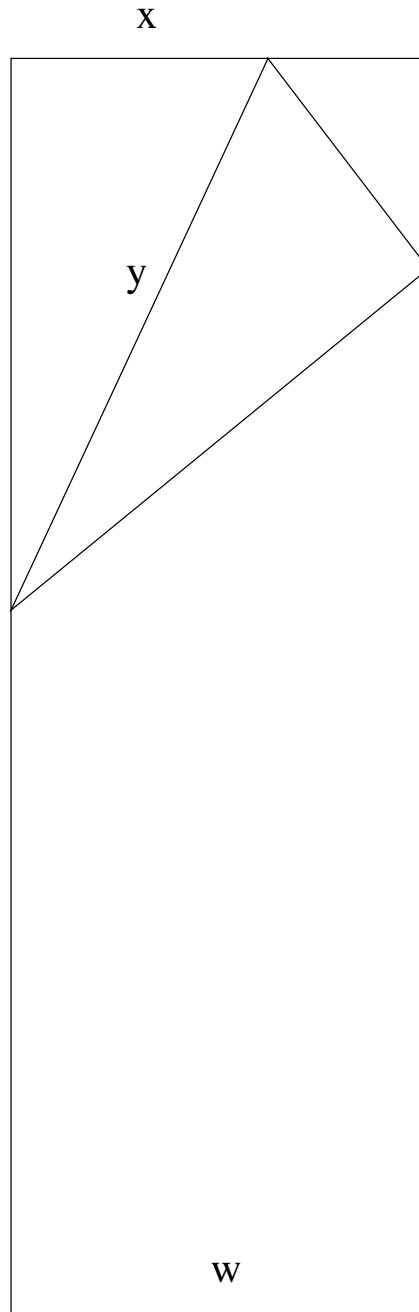


Figure 1: The folded paper problem.